

Rnaspl

Program for predicting exon-exon junction positions in cDNA sequences.

Recognition of exon-exon junctions in cDNA may be very useful for gene sequencing when starting with a sequence of cDNA clone. In a given cDNA sequence we need to select sites for PCR primers that (hopefully) lie in adjacent exons. Prediction is performed by linear discriminant function combining characteristics describing typical sequences around exon-exon junctions.

Accuracy:

We can not predict exon-exon junction position with very high accuracy, because some important information is being lost during splicing. We predict positions marked by '*', where 75% of potential exon-exon junctions are localized. Additionally, we mark '-' positions where exon-exon junctions are absent with probability about 90%. We recommend to select primer sequences in continuous '-' regions that do not cross '*' or '-' positions.

Reference:

Solovyev V.V.,Salamov A.A., Lawrence C.B. Predicting internal exons by oligonucleotide composition and discriminant analysis of spliceable open reading frames. (Nucl.Acids Res., 1994, 22, 24, 5156-5163).

RNASPL output:

First line - name of your sequence

Second line - your sequence

3d line - '*' shows potential exon-exon junction position (Pr > 0.75) '-' shows position where exon-exon junction absent (Pr > 0.90) 'n' is nonanalyzed flanking position

For example:

HSACHG7	690 bp	DNA	PRI	18-DEC-1990
10	20	30	40	50
ATGGCGGCACGGCAGTGCCGGGGCCGGCGGGATGGACGGGAAGCCCCGTACCTCCCCT				
nnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnn-----*				
70	80	90	100	110
AAGTCCGTCAAGTTCTGTGGGGGCCCTGGCCGGGATGGGAGCTACAGTTTTTGTCCAG				
-----*-*****-				
130	140	150	160	170
CCCCTGGACCTGGTGAAGAACCGGATGCAGTTGAGCGGGGAAGGGGCCAAGACTCGAGAG				
-----*-*****-				
190	200	210	220	230
TACAAAACCAGCTTCCATGCCCTCACCGAGTATCCTGAAGGCAGAAGGCCTGAGGGGCATT				

250	260	270	280	290
TACACTGGGCTGTTCGGCTGGCCTGCTGCGTCAGGCCACCTACACCACTACCCGCCTTGGC				